



# Louisiana

## **Axial Lumbosacral Interbody Fusion**

**Policy #** 00236

**Original Effective Date:** 04/15/2009

**Current Effective Date:** 10/20/2024

*Applies to all products administered or underwritten by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana and its subsidiary, HMO Louisiana, Inc. (collectively referred to as the "Company"), unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.*

*Note: Interspinous and Interlaminar Stabilization Distraction Devices (Spacers) is addressed separately in medical policy 00221.*

*Note: Interspinous Fixation (Fusion) Devices is addressed separately in medical policy 00679.*

## **Services Are Considered Investigational**

*Coverage is not available for investigational medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products.*

Based on review of available data, the Company considers axial lumbosacral interbody fusion to be **investigational**.\*

## **Background/Overview**

### **Interbody Fusion**

Interbody fusion is a surgical procedure that fuses 2 adjacent vertebral bodies of the spine. Lumbar interbody fusion may be performed in patients with spinal stenosis and instability, spondylolisthesis, scoliosis, following a discectomy, or for adjacent-level disc disease.

### **Axial Lumbosacral Interbody Fusion**

Axial lumbosacral interbody fusion (also called presacral, transsacral, or paracoccygeal interbody fusion) is a minimally invasive technique designed to provide anterior access to the L4-S1 disc spaces for interbody fusion while minimizing damage to muscular, ligamentous, neural, and vascular structures. It is performed under fluoroscopic guidance.

An advantage of axial lumbosacral interbody fusion is that it preserves the annulus and all paraspinous soft tissue structures. However, there is an increased need for fluoroscopy and an inability to address intracanal pathology or visualize the discectomy procedure

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directly. Complications of the axial approach may include perforation of the bowel and injury to blood vessels and/or nerves.

### **Rationale/Source**

This medical policy was developed through consideration of peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval status, nationally accepted standards of medical practice and accepted standards of medical practice in this community, technology evaluation centers, reference to federal regulations, other plan medical policies, and accredited national guidelines.

Axial lumbosacral interbody fusion (also called presacral, transsacral, or paracoccygeal interbody fusion) is a minimally invasive technique designed to provide anterior access to the L4-S1 disc spaces for interbody fusion while minimizing damage to muscular, ligamentous, neural, and vascular structures. It is performed under fluoroscopic guidance.

### **Summary of Evidence**

For individuals who have degenerative spine disease at the L4-S1 disc spaces who receive axial lumbosacral interbody fusion, the evidence includes a comparative systematic review of case series and a retrospective comparative study. Relevant outcomes are symptoms, functional outcomes, quality of life, and treatment-related morbidity. The systematic review found that fusion rates were higher following transforaminal lumbosacral interbody fusion than following axial lumbosacral interbody fusion, although this difference decreased with use of bone morphogenetic protein or pedicle screws. The findings of this systematic review were limited by the lack of prospective comparative studies and differences in how fusion rates were determined. Studies have suggested that complication rates may be increased with 2-level axial lumbosacral interbody fusion. Controlled trials with clinical outcome measures are needed to better define the benefits and risks of this procedure compared with treatment alternatives. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

### **FDA or Other Governmental Regulatory Approval**

#### **U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)**

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has cleared for marketing multiple anterior spinal intervertebral body fixation device systems through the 510(k) pathway (See Table 1). The systems

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are not intended to treat severe scoliosis, severe spondylolisthesis (grades 3 and 4), tumor, or trauma. The devices are also not meant for vertebral compression fractures or any other condition in which the mechanical integrity of the vertebral body is compromised. Their usage is limited to anterior supplemental fixation of the lumbar spine at the L5-S1 or L4-S1 disc spaces in conjunction with a legally marketed facet or pedicle screw systems. FDA product code: KWQ.

**Table 1. Select Anterior Spinal Intervertebral Body Fixation Orthoses Cleared by U.S. Food and Drug Administration**

Orthotic	Manufacturer	Date Cleared	510(k) No.
TranS1 <sup>®</sup> AxiaLIF <sup>™</sup> System <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For patients requiring fusion to treat pseudoarthrosis, unsuccessful previous fusion, spinal stenosis, spondylolisthesis (grade 1 or 2), or degenerative disc disease limited to anterior supplemental fixation of L5-S1 in conjunction with legally marketed pedicle screws</li> </ul>	TranS1	12/04	K040426
TranS1 <sup>®</sup> AxiaLIF <sup>™</sup> System <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indication modified to include facet screws</li> </ul>	TranS1	06/05	K050965
TranS1 <sup>®</sup> AxiaLIF <sup>®</sup> II System <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For patients requiring fusion to treat pseudoarthrosis, unsuccessful previous fusion, spinal stenosis, spondylolisthesis (grade 1 or 2), or degenerative disc disease limited to anterior</li> </ul>	TranS1	04/08	K073643

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supplemental fixation of L4-S1 in conjunction with legally marketed facet and pedicle screws			
<p>TranS1<sup>®</sup>† AxiaLIF<sup>®</sup>† 2L System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indication unchanged, marketed with branded bone morphogenetic protein</li> </ul>	TranS1	01/10	K092124
<p>TranS1<sup>®</sup>† AxiaLIF<sup>®</sup>† Plus System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intended to provide anterior stabilization of the L5-S1 or L4-S1 spinal segment (s) as an adjunct to spinal fusion</li> <li>• This device’s instruments are used for independently distracting the L5-S1 or L4-S1 vertebral bodies and inserting bone graft material (Dt3M, autograft or autologous blood) into the disc space.</li> <li>• Use limited to anterior supplemental fixation of the lumbar spine at L5-S1 or L4-S1 in conjunction with use of legally marketed facet screw or pedicle screw systems at the same levels that are treated with AxiaLIF</li> </ul>	TranS1	03/11	K102334

Adapted from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (2007, 2008).  
 FDA: Food and Drug Administration.

### **Supplemental Information**

The purpose of the following information is to provide reference material. Inclusion does not imply endorsement or alignment with the evidence review conclusions.

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### **Clinical Input from Physician Specialty Societies and Academic Medical Centers**

While the various physician specialty societies and academic medical centers may collaborate with and make recommendations during this process, through the provision of appropriate reviewers, input received does not represent an endorsement or position statement by the physician specialty societies or academic medical centers, unless otherwise noted.

In response to requests, input was received from 2 specialty medical societies and 3 academic medical centers while this policy was under review in 2011. Input considered axial lumbosacral interbody fusion to be investigational.

### **Practice Guidelines and Position Statements**

Guidelines or position statements will be considered for inclusion in 'Supplemental Information' if they were issued by, or jointly by, a US professional society, an international society with US representation, or National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE). Priority will be given to guidelines that are informed by a systematic review, include strength of evidence ratings, and include a description of management of conflict of interest.

### **North American Spine Society**

In 2014, the North American Spine Society published guidelines on the treatment of degenerative spondylolisthesis. The North American Spine Society gave a grade B recommendation for surgical decompression with fusion in patients with spinal stenosis and spondylolisthesis. The guidelines discussed posterolateral fusion, 360° fusion, and minimally invasive fusion; it did not address axial lumbosacral interbody fusion.

### **National Institute for Health and Care Excellence**

In July 2018, the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) provided evidence-based recommendations on transaxial interbody lumbosacral fusion for low back pain in adults. The recommendation, based on a literature review conducted in December 2017, states, "Evidence on the safety of transaxial interbody lumbosacral fusion for severe chronic low back pain shows that there are serious but well-recognized complications. Evidence on efficacy is adequate in quality and quantity. Therefore, this procedure may be used provided that standard arrangements are in place for clinical governance, consent and audit. This procedure should only be done by a surgeon with specific training in the procedure, who should carry out their initial procedures with an experienced mentor."

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### **U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Recommendations**

Not applicable.

### **Medicare National Coverage**

There is no national coverage determination. In the absence of a national coverage determination, coverage decisions are left to the discretion of local Medicare carriers.

### **Ongoing and Unpublished Clinical Trials**

A search of Clinicaltrials.gov in March 2024 did not identify any ongoing trials that would influence this review.

## **References**

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2. U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Premarket Notification [510(K)] Summary. TranS1 AxiaLIF II System. 2008; [https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/cdrh\\_docs/pdf7/K073643.pdf](https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/cdrh_docs/pdf7/K073643.pdf).
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12. North American Spine Society. Diagnosis and treatment of degenerative lumbar spondylolisthesis. 2nd Ed. 2014; <https://www.spine.org/Documents/ResearchClinicalCare/Guidelines/Spondylolisthesis.pdf>.
13. National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE). Transaxial interbody lumbosacral fusion for severe chronic low back pain IPG620 2018; <https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ipg620>

### **Policy History**

Original Effective Date: 04/15/2009

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- |            |                                                                                            |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 04/02/2009 | Medical Director review                                                                    |
| 04/15/2009 | Medical Policy Committee approval. New policy.                                             |
| 04/08/2010 | Medical Director review                                                                    |
| 04/21/2010 | Medical Policy Committee approval. No change to coverage.                                  |
| 04/07/2011 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                            |
| 04/13/2011 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage.                   |
| 04/12/2012 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                            |
| 04/25/2012 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage. References added. |
| 04/04/2013 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                            |
| 04/24/2013 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Title changed. Entire policy redone.     |
| 03/06/2014 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                            |
| 03/19/2014 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.          |
| 03/05/2015 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                            |

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03/20/2015	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
06/02/2016	Medical Policy Committee review
06/20/2016	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/01/2017	Coding update: Removing ICD-9 Diagnosis Codes
06/01/2017	Medical Policy Committee review
06/21/2017	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
06/07/2018	Medical Policy Committee review
06/20/2018	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
06/06/2019	Medical Policy Committee review
06/19/2019	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
08/06/2020	Medical Policy Committee review
08/12/2020	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
08/05/2021	Medical Policy Committee review
08/11/2021	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
08/04/2022	Medical Policy Committee review
08/10/2022	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
08/03/2023	Medical Policy Committee review
08/09/2023	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Policy extensively rewritten. Title changed to Axial Lumbar Interbody Fusion.
08/01/2024	Medical Policy Committee review
08/14/2024	Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Body of policy extensively rewritten. Coverage still investigational. Title changed from “Axial Lumbar Interbody Fusion” to “Axial Lumbosacral Interbody Fusion.”

Next Scheduled Review Date: 08/2025

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## **Coding**

*The five character codes included in the Blue Cross Blue Shield of Louisiana Medical Policy Coverage Guidelines are obtained from Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®)†, copyright 2023 by the American Medical Association (AMA). CPT is developed by the AMA as a listing of descriptive terms and five character identifying codes and modifiers for reporting medical services and procedures performed by physician.*

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Codes used to identify services associated with this policy may include (but may not be limited to) the following:

Code Type	Code
CPT	22586, 22899
HCPCS	No codes
ICD-10 Diagnosis	All related diagnoses

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\*Investigational – A medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational if the effectiveness has not been clearly tested and it has not been incorporated into standard medical practice. Any determination we make that a medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational will be based on a consideration of the following:

- A. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product can be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and whether such approval has been granted at the time the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is sought to be furnished; or
- B. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product requires further studies or clinical trials to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, effectiveness, or effectiveness as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis, must improve health outcomes, according to the consensus of opinion among experts as shown by reliable evidence, including:
  1. Consultation with technology evaluation center(s);
  2. Credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community; or
  3. Reference to federal regulations.

‡ Indicated trademarks are the registered trademarks of their respective owners.

**NOTICE:** If the Patient's health insurance contract contains language that differs from the BCBSLA Medical Policy definition noted above, the definition in the health insurance contract will be relied upon for specific coverage determinations.

**NOTICE:** Medical Policies are scientific based opinions, provided solely for coverage and informational purposes. Medical Policies should not be construed to suggest that the Company recommends, advocates, requires, encourages, or discourages any particular treatment, procedure, or service, or any particular course of treatment, procedure, or service.

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